### §821.49

own initiative, determines that oral argument is needed.

#### §821.49 Issues on appeal.

- (a) On appeal, the Board will consider only the following issues:
- (1) Are the findings of fact each supported by a preponderance of reliable, probative and substantial evidence?
- (2) Are conclusions made in accordance with law, precedent and policy?
- (3) Are the questions on appeal substantial?
- (4) Have any prejudicial errors occurred?
- (b) If the Board determines that the law judge erred in any respect, or that his or her initial decision or order should be changed, the Board may make any necessary findings and may issue an order in lieu of the law judge's initial decision or order, or may remand the proceeding for any such purpose as the Board may deem necessary.

# § 821.50 Petition for rehearing, reargument, reconsideration or modification of an order of the Board.

- (a) General. Any party to a proceeding may petition the Board for rehearing, reargument, reconsideration or modification of a Board order on appeal from a law judge's initial decision or order. An initial decision or appealable order of a law judge that has become final because no timely appeal was taken therefrom may not be the subject of a petition under this section.
- (b) Timing and service. The petition must be filed with the Board, and simultaneously served on the other parties, within 30 days after the date of service of the Board's order on appeal from the law judge's initial decision or order.
- (c) Content. The petition shall state briefly and specifically the matters of record alleged to have been erroneously decided, and the ground or grounds relied upon. If the petition is based, in whole or in part, upon new matter, it shall set forth such new matter and shall contain affidavits of prospective witnesses, authenticated documents, or both, or an explanation of why such substantiation is unavailable, and shall explain why such new matter could not have been discovered in the exercise of due diligence prior to

the date on which the evidentiary record closed.

- (d) Repetitious petitions. Repetitious petitions will not be entertained by the Board, and will be summarily dismissed.
- (e) Reply to petition. Any other party to the proceeding may file a reply to the petition within 15 days after the date on which the petition was served on that party. A copy of such reply shall simultaneously be served on the petitioner and any other parties to the proceeding.
- (f) Stay of effective date of Board's order. The filing of a petition under this section shall operate to stay the effective date of the Board's order, unless the Board directs otherwise.

# Subpart I—Special Rules Applicable to Proceedings Involving Emergency and Other Immediately Effective Orders

## §821.52 General.

- (a) Applicability. This subpart shall apply to any order issued by the Administrator under 49 U.S.C. 44709 as an emergency order, as an order not designated as an emergency order but later amended to be an emergency order, and any order designated as immediately effective or effective immediately.
- (b) Effective date of emergency. The procedure set forth herein shall apply as of the date on which written advice of the emergency character of the Administrator's order is received and docketed by the Board.
- (c) Computation of time. Time shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of §821.10.
- (d) Waiver. Except as provided in §821.54(f), or where the law judge or the Board determines that it would unduly burden another party or the Board, a certificate holder (respondent) affected by an emergency or other immediately effective order of the Administrator may, at any time after filing an appeal from such an order, waive the applicability of the accelerated time limits of this subpart; however, such a waiver shall not serve to lengthen any period of time for doing an act prescribed by this subpart which expired before the date on which the waiver was made.